

1. The Japanese words used to say “take medicine” are *kusuri-o* _____. Circle the correct answer.

(a) torimasu

(b) tabemasu

(c) nomimasu

2. What are the following studio students’ problems? Fill in the blanks with the appropriate words in *roomaji*. Then, choose the times to take their medicine from below.

Jennifer: Netsu -ga aru -n desu.

when to take medicine:

(**b**)

Susan: Me -ga itai -n desu.

(**c**)

Arnold: Mimi -ga itai -n desu.

(**a**)

(a) yoru-no hachi-ji-ni

(b) asa-gohan-no mae-ni

(c) hiru-gohan-no ato-de

3. Insert either (a) *mae-ni* or (b) *ato-de*, and match what each person has in their schedule.

Tim-sensei: Shigoto-no (**b**) doobutsuen-ni ikimasu.

Jennifer: Benkyoo-no (**b**) paatii-ga arimasu.

Keith: Miitingu-no (**a**) juudoo-no renshuu-o shimasu.

4. Write the meanings of the following *kanji* in English on the lines. Then, choose the meanings or origins of each part of the *kanji* from the list below.

(**d**) → 名 (**c**) (**a**) → 前 (**e**) (**b**)

name in front of, before

(a) moon (b) sword (c) mouth (d) evening (e) horns of a ram

5. In English, complete the sentences based on the diary Keith reads.

Date: 2 / 28 Day: Wednesday Weather: rain

Today, because I had a fever, I did not to go to school.

I went to the hospital and got some medicine.